

## **Non-invasive diagnostic tests used in the assessment of coronary artery disease in patients with left bundle branch block: Case report**

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Coronary artery disease (CAD) is the most common cause of left bundle branch block (LBBB). Uninterpretable electrocardiogram (ECG), abnormal septal motion, and specific coronary flow pattern limit the sensitivity of most non-invasive tests used for assessment of CAD. We present a case of female patient with low-intermediate pre-test probability for CAD, assessed with different non-invasive test before angiography was indicated.

**Key words:** left bundle branch block, coronary artery disease, non-invasive assessment